# The South-South Learning Network provides effective ways to learn and share best practices in HIV prevention in sub-Saharan Africa



Boris Gbehi<sup>1</sup>, Madonna Emmanuel<sup>2</sup>, Kerry Mangold<sup>3</sup>, Thomas Ofem<sup>2</sup>, Lulama Lunika<sup>4</sup>

1. Genesis Analytics, Côte d'Ivoire | 2. Genesis Analytics, Nigeria | 3. Genesis Analytics, South Africa | 4. Genesis Analytics, Kenya



## **BACKGROUND**

HIV prevention in sub-Saharan Africa remains a complex challenge, requiring innovative approaches to reduce HIV incidence. The South-South Learning Network (SSLN) is a programme designed to strengthen national HIV prevention programmes in 15 African countries through shared learning of best practices in HIV prevention (Figure 1). In the mid-term evaluation of this 4-year programme, the preferred and most effective learning activities for SSLN countries were identified (Figure 2).

Figure 1: SSLN 15 Focus Countries



Figure 2: SSLN Activities

- PSATs & PSAT Lites: A self-assessment of a specific HIV prevention pillar in one country.
- Webinars: A platform for sharing a session on a specific topic online.
- Country Champion Meetings: A platform for champions in one country to meet and learn on specific topics.
- Regional Champion Meetings: A platform for champions across counties to meet and learn on specific topics (e.g., Pan Prevention Workshop).
- Intercountry Link-and-Learn Sessions: A platform for smaller groups of countries to engage with peer countries to find solutions for challenges arising from the implementation of their programmes.
- Mentoring: A pairing of one country with another to provide training on a specific topic over an extended period.
- Site Visits: A virtual or in-person site visit for specific topic learning.
- Documentation of Best Practices/Case Studies: A process of documenting a specific HIV prevention activity to share with others.
- Online Resource Hub: Website, newsletters, repository of HIV prevention materials, and videos of trainings for YouTube channel.
- Technical Assistance: The process of providing targeted support to country champions on specific topics, either ad hoc or identified through the PSAT.



### **METHOD**

SSLN offers countries thirteen types of learning activities and each country has a unique set of activities they attend based on their programme needs. A mixed-methods approach was used to establish the effectiveness of the SSLN programme which included an in-depth review of programme documents, an online survey completed by country HIV prevention stakeholders (n=296), and in-depth interviews (n=60).



## **RESULTS**

The most frequently attended activities were webinars (65%), completion of prevention self-assessment tools (64%), country champion meetings (61%), Link & Learn sessions (35%), and regional champions meetings (28%) (Figure 3).

Participants showed a clear preference for in-person engagements. The five activities that were perceived as most effective were the in-person activities, which came out strongly in both the survey (Figure 4) and the key informant interviews.

The interviews unanimously highlighted the effectiveness of activities with small-group interactions. Passive information activities such as webinars, online resources, and virtual site visits, seemed less effective, but are often a conversation starter and a jumping-off point for more intensive engagement.

Figure 3: Number and Proportion of Survey Respondents Who Participated in SSLN Learning Activities 194 (65 %) Webinars 190 (64 %) **PSATs** Country Champion Meetings 182 (61 %) 104 (35 %) Intercountry Link-and-Learn Sessions 84 (28 %) Regional Champions Meetings 74 (25 %) **PSATs Lites** 63 (21 %) Consulted Online Resources 58 (20 %) Documentation of Best Practice / Case Studies 42 (14 %) Viewed Content on SSLN YouTube Channel Technical Assistance 38 (13 %) Routine Check-Ins 34 (11 %) 27 (9 %) Virtual Site Visits or Virtual Tour Mentoring Sessions (i.e. Country-Country Mentoring) 25 (8 %) 10 (3 %) None 5 (2 %)

50

100

150

200

Figure 4: Perceived Effectiveness Among Survey Respondents of Different SSLN Learning Activities Regional Champions Meetings PSATs Lites Intercountry Link-and-Learn Sessions PSATs Mentoring Sessions (i.e. Country-Country Mentoring) Country Champion Meetings Webinars Technical Assistance Documentation of Best Practice / Case Studies Routine Check-Ins Virtual Site Visits or Virtual Tour Viewed Content on SSLN YouTube Channel Consulted Online Resources 100% ■ Not Effective Effective Somewhat effective Somewhat ineffective Neither



#### CONCLUSION

The SSLN's activities, especially in-person learning activities, are highly valued and most effective in sharing best practices in HIV prevention. Initiatives that want to promote similar learnings should focus on promoting small group engagements and where possible, have these learnings take place in person.

It's a smaller group of people you're interacting with, you get to ask more questions, you get to really engage more deeply on a particular topic (unlike in a webinar, for example, where there's a lot of people and there really isn't that much time for deeper engagement),... Like, how do I do this when I go back to my own country...



**AUTHOR CONTACT DETAILS: Boris Gbehi** borisg@genesis-analytics.com **SUBMISSION #:** EPE160 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: Thank you to the Bixal & Adesim team for conducting the mid-term evaluation.













